

WITH OUR SOLONS

Delayed Letter From Our Phoenix Correspondent.

BILL TO DEFER COUNTY DIVISION

The Governor's Hand Apparent in the Bill for Location of the Territorial Prison—Congress Memorialized to Extend Session.

PHOENIX, Tuesday, Feb. 5.—The last week in the legislature has been a very quiet one. Considerable legislation has been launched which will no doubt produce some bitter conflicts, but none of it has come up for consideration.

It was expected that the bill for the creation of Clark county would be introduced last Monday, but the gentlemen in charge of it changed their plans, probably induced by the confused state of affairs incident to the straightening out of the report of the code commission. A counter bill has, however, been introduced in the council by Mr. Andrews of Yavapai, which provides that county divisions and all matters pertaining only to counties shall be submitted to the people to be affected. It is said that this bill will have the support of Congressman Shannon of Graham county, who had been counted upon as one of the champions of county division.

Your correspondent was in error last week in relation to the repeal of the poll tax law. That error was, however, shared by most if not all the members of the assembly who learned only two days ago that House Bill No. 2 was still reposing in the breast of the council judiciary committee, which at this date has manifested no disposition to give it up. It will no doubt be passed, but the council seems disposed to correct the assembly for its discourtesy in having turned down a previously passed council bill also intended to repeal the poll tax law and which should have been passed by the house.

Among the more important bills introduced since my last letter are the following: For the location of a new territorial prison; for the re-establishment of the national guard; for the abolition of the board of equalization. The bill regarding the prison follows the governor's message, and though no site is specified in it, this being a matter to be left to a commission to be chosen by the governor. The one consideration as to the profitable employment of the convicts, practically puts Yuma out of the field; of a half dozen possible sites in Arizona that alone is one at which prisoners can not be profitably employed.

Irrigation legislation has been attempted again, this time by Mr. Ivy of Maricopa county, who has introduced a bill modeled after the Wyoming law and which is said to have been the result of the deliberations of the general water storage committee during the last three months. The bill introduced by Mr. Ivy was drafted by the committee, but was never agreed upon except by the minority, which procured its introduction without consultation, thus insuring active opposition at the outset.

A bill has been introduced providing an improvement of the present plan of assessing and taxing transient herds. The improvement consists in compelling owners to take certificates from the counties in which the herds are pastured, thus insuring an equitable division of the tax among the counties in which they may be kept during the year. There was another bill reducing the bounties on wild animals, in fact cutting the present bounties squarely in two. The last two bills, as well as the bill for the abolition of the board of equalization, were recommended by the late conference of supervisors held here.

Mr. St. Charles' bill to increase the salaries of recorders of counties of the fifth and sixth classes by half the amount of fees received for mineral entries was favorably reported this morning. There will be no opposition to it in either house.

A railroad exemption bill was introduced this morning by Mr. Bernard of Pima county. It is really a re-enactment of former laws on this subject providing an exemption of ten years after complying with the conditions usually imposed.

There was a threatened conflict this morning between the code and other legislation. Messrs. Geer and Kimball of the house judiciary committee, objected to the printing of bills which might provide for legislation in conflict with the report or for legislation which has been covered by the report. It was even suggested that members should hold bills until after the report has been regularly presented for consideration. The committee went to the length of trying to suspend the rules so as to obstruct usual legislation. The opposition though, was so overwhelming that the attempt was abandoned. In the council the greater part of the report has been sent in by the judiciary committee and dis-

tributed among the committees to which it belongs. The time-consuming character of the report has become so apparent that members despair of disposing of it within the statutory term. Accordingly, Mr. Shannon of the council, on Monday introduced a memorial to congress praying for an extension of the legislative session to April 21. The assembly concurred in the memorial and it has been forwarded to Washington.

The legislature is just getting settled down to work. The raw edge, which it must be said was about as raw as it could be, has worn off of the assembly and it is becoming a dignified and orderly body. The council is rather superior to any upper house of Arizona within eight years, when by the way covers my experience with Arizona legislatures. All the minor causes of dispute which afforded amusement in the assembly have disappeared. They grew for the most part out of the creation of appointive positions. The last beneficiary was J. J. Parks of Globe, who is stationery clerk and postmaster. He is beside making himself useful in a variety of ways.

The capitol cafe has dropped out of sight. Those who opposed it conceded a lunch counter at which no intoxicating drinks should be sold, but would concede nothing more. It transpired then that the gentlemen who had been advocating the cafe were not hungry, but thirsty. Since then nothing more has been heard of the "cafe" as it was sometimes pronounced.

Delinquent Tax List.

For some mysterious reason the legislature four years ago repealed the law requiring the publication of the delinquent tax list of the respective counties. This said by some that this law was repealed in the interest of economy; others intimate that it was done in the interest of real estate speculators. In either case it was wrong, to both the delinquent taxpayer, as well as the purchaser at the delinquent sale, or the innocent purchaser from such parties. The procedure as adopted is in violation of a fundamental principle of law. The Constitution of the United States provides that no one shall be deprived of property except by due process of law. There is a maxim of law that every one has a right to his day in court.

It is contrary to established principles of law that any one can be deprived of his property, especially real property, without being notified by personal service, or by a publication of summons, which, by the courts, is accepted as service. When property is assessed for taxing purposes, the tax levy becomes a lien upon the same thus assessed and a failure to pay the tax within the time required by law renders it delinquent. A process of court should be necessary to subject the property to sale, to satisfy said lien, that process resulting in a judgment only made and entered. This would be due process of law, if the parties interested in the title of said property had been regularly notified by summons, personally served, or by publication. They would then have had their day in court. The publication of a delinquent tax list is nothing less than a summons and judgment entered by a court after such publication is made in accordance with law, and a sale made thereunder would be so construed. It was by "due process of law." Without such a proceeding, it is exceedingly doubtful if any delinquent property purchased at such sales is of any value. This is the opinion of more than one versed in this special branch of the law concerning the transfer of title to real property. We believe it is correct. We further believe that there is a vast amount of litigation in store for those who have purchased property sold on account of non-payment of taxes, where the delinquent tax for which it was sold had not been published for the information of the owners of the property. This is a matter the legislature should look into and correct, that none are deprived of their property, save by due process of law. It should see to it that every one is allowed his day in court, before judgment is taken against him. This by the ordinary process of law.—ARIZONA STAR.

Had to Conquer or Die.

"I was just about gone," writes Mrs. Rosa Richardson, of Laurel Springs, N. C. "I had consumption so bad that the best doctors said I could not live more than a month, but I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery and was wholly cured by seven bottles and am now stout and well. It's an unrivaled life saver in consumption, pneumonia, influenza, bronchitis; infallible for coughs, colds, asthma, hay fever, croup or whooping cough. Guaranteed bottles 50 c and \$1. Trial bottles free at Globe drug store.

His Total Eclipse: The Cynic—Ah! poor man, he's gone over to the silent majority! Jones—Dead? The Cynic—No. Married.—Smart Set.

When you want anything in the way of stationery, drop in at the News Depot. We make a specialty of that fine, from dainty papereries to account books, all sizes.

Equal Suffrage.

Judge McCormick of Phoenix gives his opinion upon the subject:

As the ladies of Phoenix are asking the legislature to give them a day upon which they may present the subject of equal rights for women, it will not be amiss to offer a suggestion or two on the subject.

It is often claimed, and it is perhaps true, that women could have the right to vote at any time, in any of the states or territories where they do not already vote, if they mutually made a demand for it. Many a man gives, as a sufficient reason for ignoring the whole subject, the fact that a large proportion of women do not ask for nor want the elective franchise.

It is not unreasonable to suppose that many women who have homes and are provided for by kind husbands with every comfort, should not wish to assume the responsibility of voting or feel the need of any more rights than they already have.

But there is a view of the subject to be taken by such women which might impel them to a different course. And that is this: While they may be so favorably situated as not to feel the need of any further protection, it is a fact that there are thousands of their sisters, who are forced to fight the battle for bread, single handed, and alone, who suffer from the unjust and unreasonable and indefensible discriminations which the laws make between the rights of men and women.

For instance, how could it happen in a state like Massachusetts that women teachers have heretofore received less than half the wages, as teachers, that men do, except for the fact that women have no vote. Now that women have school suffrage in Massachusetts, we will venture the prediction that this inequality will be corrected, or else there will be some radical changes in the composition of school boards in the old commonwealth, and that right soon.

And so it is in many ways, directly and indirectly, by reason of a distinction in rights, based upon sex, women are placed at a great disadvantage in the struggle for existence.

The argument is that those who are so favorably placed in life as not to feel the need of any more rights than they have already, ought to think of their less favorably situated sisters, and be willing to assume the responsibility of voting in order to give these a better chance, by destroying this false and unjust discrimination together with all the oppressive customs that grow out of it. J. W. McCormick.

Patent for Mineral Land.

A U. S. patent for mineral land is obtained as follows: The claimant, having complied with all legal requirements, may file in the proper land office an application for a patent, under oath, showing such compliance, together with a plat and field notes of the claim or claims in common, made by or under the direction of the U. S. surveyor general, showing accurately the boundaries of the claim or claims, distinctly marked by monuments on the ground, and post a copy of such plat, together with a notice of such application for a patent, in a conspicuous place on the land embraced in such plat, previous to the filing of the application for a patent, and file an affidavit of at least two persons that such notice has been duly posted, and file a copy of the notice in such land office. Thereupon the claimant is entitled to a patent for the land in the manner following: The register of the land office, upon the filing of such application, plat, field notes, notices and affidavits, publishes a notice that application has been made, for a period of sixty days, in a newspaper to be by him designated published nearest to such claim; and he also posts such notice in his office for the same period. The claimant at the time of filing the application, files with the register a certificate of the U. S. surveyor general that \$500 worth of labor has been expended or improvements made upon the claim by himself or grantors; that the plat is correct, with such further description by such reference to natural objects or permanent monuments as shall identify the claim, and furnishes an accurate description, to be incorporated in the patent. At the expiration of the sixty days of publication the claimant files his affidavit, showing that the plat and notice have been posted in a conspicuous place on the claim during such period of publication. If no adverse claim shall have been filed with the register and receiver of the proper land office at the expiration of the sixty days of publication, it is assumed that the applicant is entitled to a patent, upon the payment to the proper officer of \$5 an acre, and that no adverse claim exists; and thereafter no objection from third parties to the issuance of a patent can be heard, except if it be shown that the applicant has failed to comply with the above terms.—Mining & Scientific Press.

Bouquets for Champions of Labor.

The champions of good wages for employees, headed by Kean St. Charles of Mohave, carried the day, and the members who wanted to reduce salaries from \$5 to \$4 for committee clerks, were routed after a hard fight. The ladies effected by the victory were appreciative, and the desks of St. Charles of Mohave, Roemer of Cochise, Beard of Pinal, and Houston of Gila, have been covered with floral offerings from fair admirers and beneficiaries.—Correspondence of the Yuma Sun.

THOROUGHBREDS.—Two healthy, pedigreed Cocker Spaniel pups, bred in one of the finest kennels in California, for sale. Inquire at Electric Light office.

COPPER BOOM IN WISCONSIN

Ashland Land Office Besieged by People Anxious to File on Claims.

A copper boom has struck northern Wisconsin, and the Ashland land office was busier on Feb. 4 than it has been since the Omaha and Wisconsin Central lands were opened up in 1890. People formed in line in the morning before 7 o'clock, and over 100 from Minneapolis, West Superior and other points in northern Wisconsin filed on claims. The Calumet and Hecla interests have been quietly buying up lands along the new copper range in Douglas and Bayfield counties and this has started the rush of speculators. Applications by mail are pouring in, and the registrar of the land office is being bombarded with telegrams and long-distance telephone messages.

For the weakness and prostration following grippe there is nothing so prompt and effective as Ose Minute cough cure. This preparation is highly endorsed as an unfailing remedy for all throat and lung troubles and its early use prevents consumption. It was made to cure quickly. H. C. Hitchcock.

Will Boom His Business.

S. Laval, a merchant of Dallas, Tex., writes: "I thought I would have to give up business, after two years of suffering from general debility brought on by overwork and long hours, but four bottles of Electric Bitter gave me new life. I can now eat anything, sleep well and feel like working all the time. It's the best medicine on earth." Its a wonderful tonic and health builder for tired, weak, sickly and run down people. Try it. Satisfaction guaranteed. Only 50c at Globe drug store.

Globe Telephone Directory.

Cut this out and paste it by your Telephone.

Arizona Silver Belt.....	23
Anheuser-Busch Beer agency.....	31
Armstrong, W. T., residence, 3 rings.....	13
Banker, Chas.....	4
Brookner, W. W. & Co.....	6
Brookner, W. W., residence, 3 rings.....	6
Bonne, Max C.....	15
Bolae, G., residence.....	35
Bank of Globe.....	50
Black Warrior stage office.....	40
Blume's Buffet.....	46
Beal, A. M., residence.....	32
Campbell, Wm.....	25
Court House, Sheriff's office.....	3
Clark, J. C., place of business, 3 rings.....	12
Central Meat Market.....	15
Casey's Restaurant.....	10
Claypool, S. B., physician, residence.....	8
Comet Saloon, 2 rings.....	12
Evans, J. C., residence, 4 rings.....	12
Fashion Saloon.....	49
W. D. Fisk residence.....	58
Globe Brewery & Bottling works.....	4
G. V., G. & N. Ry. depot.....	20
Globe Lumber Co., 2 phones.....	21
Globe Commercial company.....	22
Globe Drug Store.....	60
Globe Drug Store residence, 3 rings.....	60
Globe & Payson stage office.....	28
Globe Steam Laundry.....	35
Globe Ice & Refrig. works.....	40
Gray's warehouse.....	37
Great Western Milling Co., 4 rings.....	27
Globe Bakery.....	32
Globe Times.....	44
Hunt, G. W. P., O. D. Com'l Co.....	2
Haverly, Bert, 5 rings.....	12
Heron, D. S., residence, 2 rings.....	31
Hitchcock, H. C., Drug Store.....	99
Hitchcock, H. C., residence, 3 rings.....	99
Jones, F. L., (Undertaking Parlors).....	57
Jones, F. L., (Residence) 3 rings.....	57
Kellner, E. F., & Co.....	9
Keegan, J. J., saloon.....	18
Kan Kan Cafe.....	21
Keegan, Mrs. J. J.....	55
Kellner, W. O., residence.....	26
Kinney, A., office.....	40
Leighton, L. W., grocery.....	36
Lady, P. B., fruit and confectionery.....	28
Lomp's Beer agency.....	4
McNelly, W. T., saloon.....	11
McNelly, Mrs. W. T.....	3
Mesa-Florence-Globe stage line.....	25
Mountain View House, 3 rings.....	27
Middleton & Bailey, blacksmiths.....	39
McDonough, J. N., office.....	13
Middleton & Allison, News Depot.....	37
Mountain View House Saloon, 3 rings.....	26
Morehead, A. H., residence.....	54
Moody Bros.....	38
Murphy, D., Butcher Shop.....	36
Nesbitt, Chas., Bank Exchange.....	47
Nesbitt, Chas., residence.....	45
Old Dominion Commercial company.....	2
O. K. Corral.....	25
Owens, J. T., & Co., 4 rings.....	37
Our House Saloon.....	29
Pioneer Meat Market.....	7
Pascos Livery Stable.....	17
Patton, J. F., residence.....	48
Postoffice.....	28
Roberts, E. J., residence, 3 rings.....	60
Safford Flour and Grain store.....	27
S. C. C.....	6
Sidow, Wm. & Co.....	7
Sultan Bros.....	24
Star Koller Mills, branch.....	27
Soo Sang Restaurant.....	43
Stoneman, Geo. J., residence.....	16
Taylor's Saloon.....	19
The Champion Saloon.....	11
The Smelter Saloon, 3 rings.....	12
Taylor, C. E., residence.....	33
Trojanovich, A., office.....	21
Van Wagenen's saloon.....	14
Williams, Wm. Mill, 2 rings.....	27
Woods Lyman, place of business.....	19
Woods, Lyman, residence.....	34
Whalley, Wm., residence.....	41
Westmeyer, F. W., store.....	52

RULES AND TERMS.

HOURS OF SERVICE.—For the present the time of service will be 140 minutes of the 24 hours, the force taking a full hold on the 20th of February. Office hours, from 7 a. m. till 10 p. m., after 10 p. m. the night bell will be adjusted so that urgent calls on business or sickness will be responded to by the "central." Sundays, 8 to 10 a. m. and 6 to 7:30 p. m. These hours of service (practically continuous, except on Sundays) are something unusual in small telephone systems without extra charges. We are here to serve our patrons in the best manner possible.

TERMS TO SUBSCRIBERS.—To all business houses, 35 per month; residences, within a reasonable distance of the central office, \$2.50 per month. A fee of \$10 is charged for placing each phone. For the present, and until the town is thoroughly "wired," urgent messages will be delivered for subscribers within the town limits free to subscribers.

\$250,000

To Be Given Away

this year in valuable articles to smokers of

Blackwell's

Genuine

Durham Tobacco

You will find one coupon inside each 2-ounce bag, and two coupons inside each 4-ounce bag. Buy a bag, read the coupon and see how to get your share.



The Best Smoking Tobacco Made

Established in 1876.

W. T. McNELLY, Prop.

THE CHAMPION,

In NEW and ELEGANT quarters at

THE OLD STAND.

Finest WINES, LIQUORS and CIGARS.

Well furnished CLUB ROOMS for the use of patrons.

Corner Broad and Push Streets,

GLOBE, Arizona.

SAM KEE,

Dealer in

General Merchandise.

Having one of the largest store rooms in Globe, I am enabled to carry a Complete Stock of Goods including Miners' Supplies.

Call and get my Prices on Goods.

Broad Street, GLOBE, Ariz.

Silver Palace Saloon

—A RESORT FOR GENTLEMEN—

Well equipped with Billiard and Pool Tables and private Card Rooms.

The bar is stocked with the very best Liquors, Beer and Cigars.

Agent for the JESSE MOORE WHISKEY and FABB'S BLUE RIBBON BEER

CENTRALLY LOCATED ON BROAD STREET, GLOBE, ARIZ.

J. J. KEECAN, Proprietor.

THE "CLUB"

The only Second-Class House in Globe...

Anheuser-Busch Beer always on draught

Two Doors North of the Oddfellows' Temple

JAMES WILEY, Proprietor

St. Louis Beer Hall

J. N. McPONOUGH, Proprietor

AGENTS FOR

Anheuser-Busch KEG BEER

FRESH BEER ON TAP AT ALL TIMES

The best WINES, LIQUORS and CIGARS
YOUNG BUILDING BROAD STREET
GLOBE, ARIZONA

WILLIAM ZIMMERMANN UNDERTAKER

And dealer in FURNITURE

Has on hand at all times a select assortment of furniture, for sale at moderate prices. Opposite Kinney House, GLOBE, ARIZONA.